Name	Class	Date	
		Dute	

Chapter 7 Cell Structure and Function

3. cell wall

6. prokaryote

7. eukaryote

9. chromatin

_____ 8. organelle

_____ 10. phagocytosis

Chapter Vocabulary Review

Matching On the lines provided, match the term with its definition.

- **1.** cell a. organism whose cells contain a nucleus
- _____ **2.** cell membrane b. granular material visible within the nucleus
 - c. the basic unit of life
 - 4. nucleusd. specialized structures within a cell that perform important
cell functions
 - e. organism whose cells do not contain a nucleus
 - f. strong supporting layer around the cell membrane that protects the cell
 - g. process by which extensions of cytoplasm engulf large particles
 - h. large structure that contains the cell's genetic information
 - i. thin, flexible barrier around the cell
 - j. portion of the cell outside the nucleus

Multiple Choice *On the lines provided, write the letter that best completes the sentence or answers the question.*

11.	The small dense region in ribosomes begins is called a. nucleolus. c. chloroplast.	the nucleus where the assembly of the b. nuclear envelope. d. vacuole.
12.	The network of protein fil of the cell is called the a. nucleus. c. cytoskeleton.	aments that help maintain the shape b. mitochondrion. d. ribosomes.
13.	Which organelles can use energy-rich food molecule a. lysosomes c. vacuoles	energy from sunlight to create es? b. Golgi apparati d. chloropasts
14.	What is the process by wh infoldings of the cell mem a. diffusion c. osmosis	ich material is taken into the cell by brane? b. endocytosis d. exocytosis
15.	The fourth, and highest, le multicellular organism is a. cell specialization. c. an organ system.	b. a tissue.

Class	Class
-------	-------

Date _____



