AGRICULTURE AND ECOSYSTEMS | SLIDES







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Overview

- Food, agriculture and ecosystems
- Problems in agriculture
- Organic agriculture
- Sustainable agriculture
- Think-pair-share

Essential questions

- Where does our food come from? How is our food supply dependent on ecosystems?
- How do current agricultural practices affect public health, social justice, the environment and the economy?
- What can be done to address the current problems facing agriculture?
- How does an industrial approach to agriculture compare with organic and sustainable approaches?
- If the prevailing practices in agriculture continue, what kind of food system can we expect in the future? What kind of agriculture should we strive toward, and how will we get there?



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Food, agriculture and ecosystems **Soil**

- Foundation of farm ecosystems
- Foundation of food supply
- Sustains plants by providing:
 - Water
 - Nutrients
 - Root support

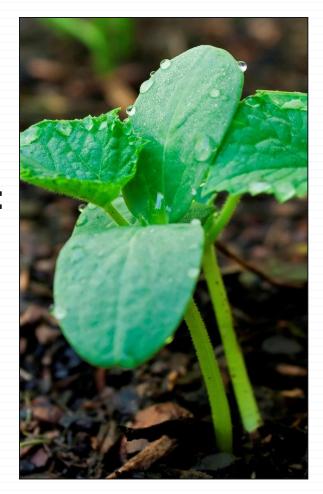
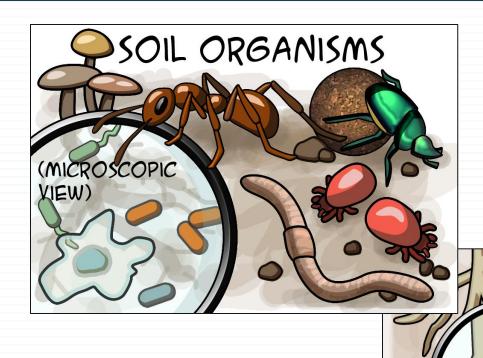


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Food, agriculture and ecosystems

Soil organisms

- Bacteria
- Arthropods
- Earthworms
- Fungi
- Nematodes
- Protozoa
- Mammals
- Etc.



Kim B. Johns Hopkins Center for a Livable Future; 2010.

(ON LEGUME ROOTS)

Food, agriculture and ecosystems Soil organic matter

- Decaying leaves
- Dead organisms
- Animal manure
- Food waste
- Etc.



Top: Kim B. Johns Hopkins Center for a Livable Future; 2010. Other images copyright.

ORGANIC MATTER

Food, agriculture and ecosystems Soil food web



Kim B. Johns Hopkins Center for a Livable Future; 2010.

Food, agriculture and ecosystems

Climate







U.S. Global Change Research Program. www.globalchange.gov.

Food, agriculture and ecosystems

Fresh water



Image copyright.

Food, agriculture and ecosystems Irrigation

- Irrigation, salinization led to decline of Sumer
- 67% U.S.
 Freshwater use for irrigation



Image copyright.

Food, agriculture and ecosystems Wild Biodiversity

Pollinators responsible for 35% of the global food supply



Image copyright.

Food, agriculture and ecosystems Domestic Biodiversity

 Variety of plant, animal species grown and raised for food



Socially Responsible Agriculture Project. Vegetables at a Farmers Market. 2009. www.sraproject.org.

Food, agriculture and ecosystems

Consequences of mismanagement

Dust Bowl: soil erosion across midwestern U.S.



USDA. Buried machinery in barn lot in Dallas, South Dakota, United States during the Dust Bowl. 1936. Available at Wikimedia Commons. Public domain.



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Fertilizers and aquatic ecosystems

 Nutrient runoff promotes algal blooms, dead zones

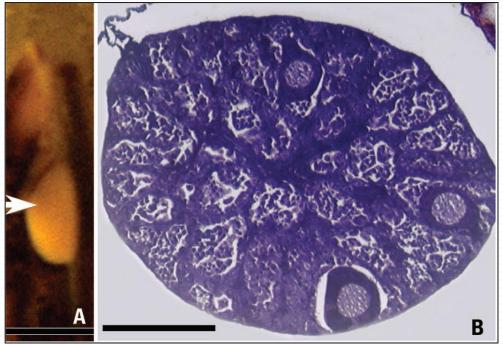


Pesticides and ecosystems

- Deformities, sex reversals in amphibians
- Declining pollinator populations

Compromised immune systems in dolphins,

seals, whales

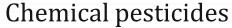


Hayes et al. Atrazine-induced hermaphroditism at 0.1 ppb in American Leopard Frogs (Rana pipiens): Laboratory and field evidence. 2009.

The treadmill effect

Continually
 need to apply
 more chemicals
 to achieve
 desired effect

Synthetic fertilizers







Ammonia plant: Image copyright. Chemical pesticides: O'Rear C. Spraying Pesticide in California. USDA. Available at Wikimedia Commons. Public domain.

Agricultural chemicals and health

- Cancers
- Reproductive harms
- Endocrine disruption
- Nervous system impacts
- Acute poisonings
- Death

Top: Tpmartins. *Tractor spraying pesticides*. 2009. Available at Flickr Commons. Public Domain. Bottom: Beseler C. Environmental Health News. Used with permission from the photographer.



Wild biodiversity loss: Insecticides



Impacts to pollinators, predators of pests



Left: O'Rear C. Spraying Pesticide in California. USDA. Available at Wikimedia Commons. Public domain. Other images copyright.

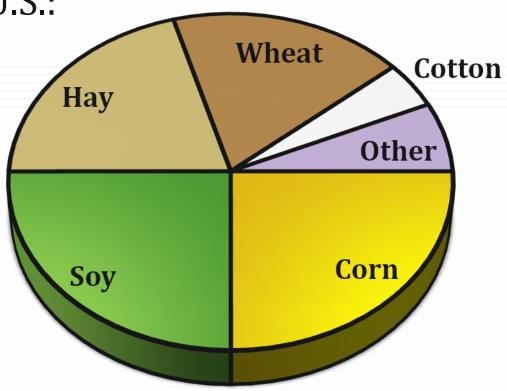
Wild biodiversity loss: Monocultures



Image copyright.

Domestic biodiversity loss

Acres of harvested crop land in the U.S.:



Adapted from: U.S. EPA. Major Crops Grown in the United States. 2000. www.epa.gov/agriculture/ag101/cropmajor.html.

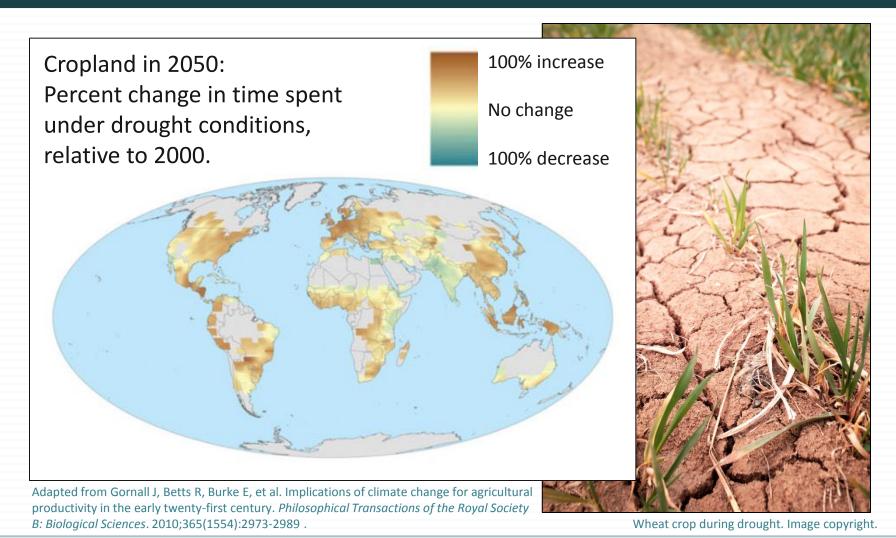
Domestic biodiversity and food security

- Irish Potato Famine
- Mid 1800s
- Million people die of famine
- Not enough genetic variation in potato crop

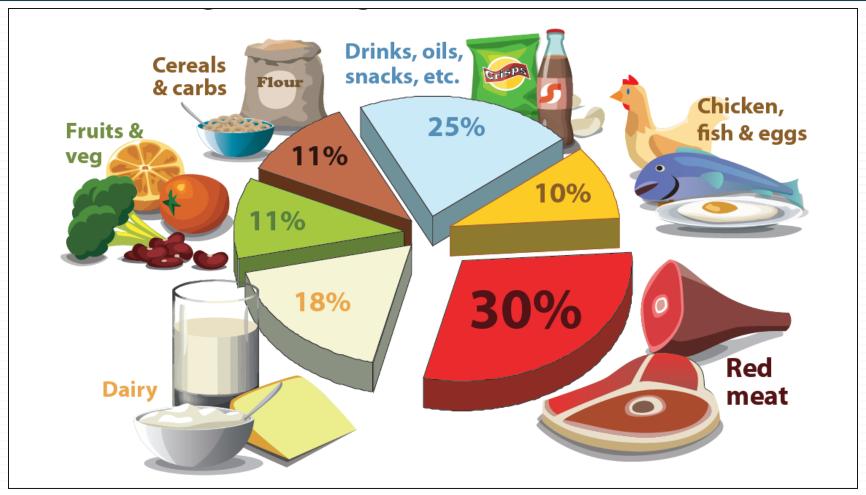


Illustrated London News. Bridget O'Donnel and children. December 22, 1849. Public domain.

Climate change



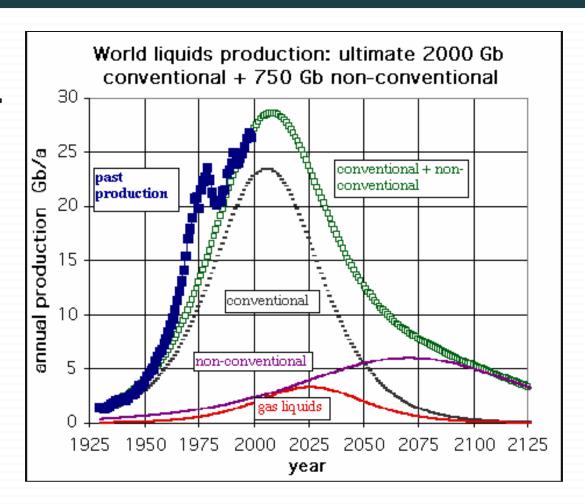
Sources of GHG emissions



Kim B. Johns Hopkins Center for a Livable Future; 2010. Adapted from Weber C L, Matthews HS. Food-Miles and the Relative Climate Impacts of Food Choices in the United States. Environmental Science & Technology. 2008;42 (10), 3508-3513.

Problems in agriculture Resource depletion

- Fertile soil
- Groundwater
- Fossil fuels
- Phosphate
- Forests
- Etc.



 $U.S.\ Department\ of\ Energy.\ www.fossil.energy.gov/programs/reserves/npr/publications/npr_strategic_significancev1.pdf\ .$

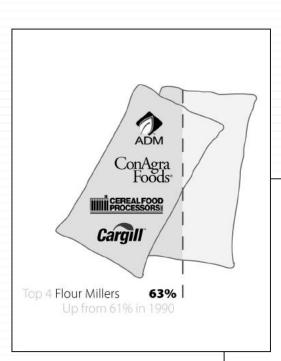
Loss of farmland

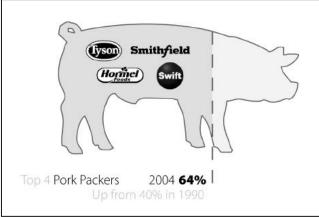
Two acres per minute paved for developments



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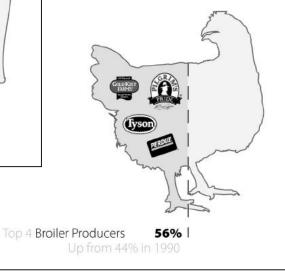
Loss of farmer equity

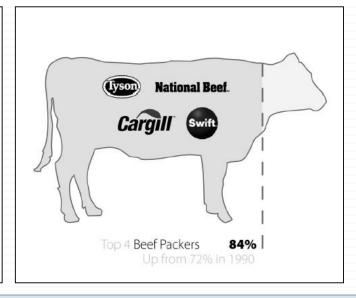




Anna Lappé and theCoup.org. GRUB Graphics; 2004. www.eatgrub.org. Used with permission.

Data from Hendrickson, Heffernan. Concentration of Agricultural Markets, University of Missouri; 2005.





Industrial food animal production

Health, social, environmental, animal welfare concerns









Dairy cattle: Image copyright. Poultry: Socially Responsible Agriculture Project. www.sraproject.org. Hogs: USDA. 2004. Manure sprayer: USDA NRCS photo gallery.

Addressing these problems

- Will require collaborate efforts on the part of:
 - Farmers
 - Industries
 - Consumers
 - Policymakers
 - Other participants in the food system



Overview

Food, agriculture and ecosystems
Problems in agriculture

Organic agricultureSustainable agricultureThink-pair-share

Organic agriculture

USDA definition

- Not allowed in crop production:
 - Petroleum-based fertilizers
 - Synthetic pesticides
 - Sewage sludge
 - Genetic engineering
- Not allowed in animals:
 - Hormones
 - Other growth promoting drugs



Organic agriculture Benefits

- Reduced chemical contamination of air, water, soil
- Reduced pesticide residues in food
- Fewer occupational health risks
- Etc.

Organic agriculture Criticisms

- Originally proposed standards in 1990s would have allowed:
 - Irradiation
 - Sewage sludge
 - Genetically engineered crops

Generated unprecedented public outcry

Organic agriculture Industry structure

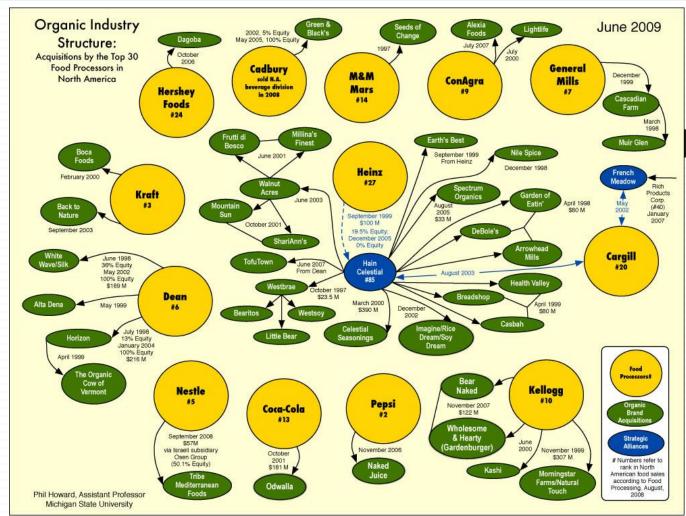
Organic Brands Acquired and introduced by major corporations 1999-2004 Coca-Cola Kellogg Morningstar Farms Heinz Hain Celestial ? Cascadian Farm Millina's Finest Walnut Acres Muir Glen Westsoy *Gold Medal Organic Earth's Best Nile Spice Mountain Sun *Nature's Farm Organic Celestial Seasonings Soy Dream Fruitti di Bosca The Organic Cow of Vermont sAlta Den 5Horizon M&M Mars Degu

Anna Lappé and theCoup.org.
GRUB Graphics; 2004.
www.eatgrub.org.
Used with permission.

Data from Howard P. Center for Agroecology and Sustainable Food Systems, University of California, Santa Cruz; 2004.

Organic agriculture

Industry structure



Howard P.
Michigan State University; 2009.
www.msu.edu/~howardp./
organicindustry.html.

Organic agriculture

In defense of "big organic"

- "Business is the most powerful force in the planet; it got us into this mess and is the only force strong enough to get us out."
- "Most environmental problems exist because businesses have not made solving them a priority."



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Definition

- "Meeting the needs of the present... without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their needs."
- "To maintain, keep in existence, keep going."

- No universal prescription
 - Every farm is unique
 - Conditions continually changing

Themes

- Ecologically sound
- Economically viable

Socially just





Girl with beets: Urban Tilth. Used with permission.
Other images copyright.

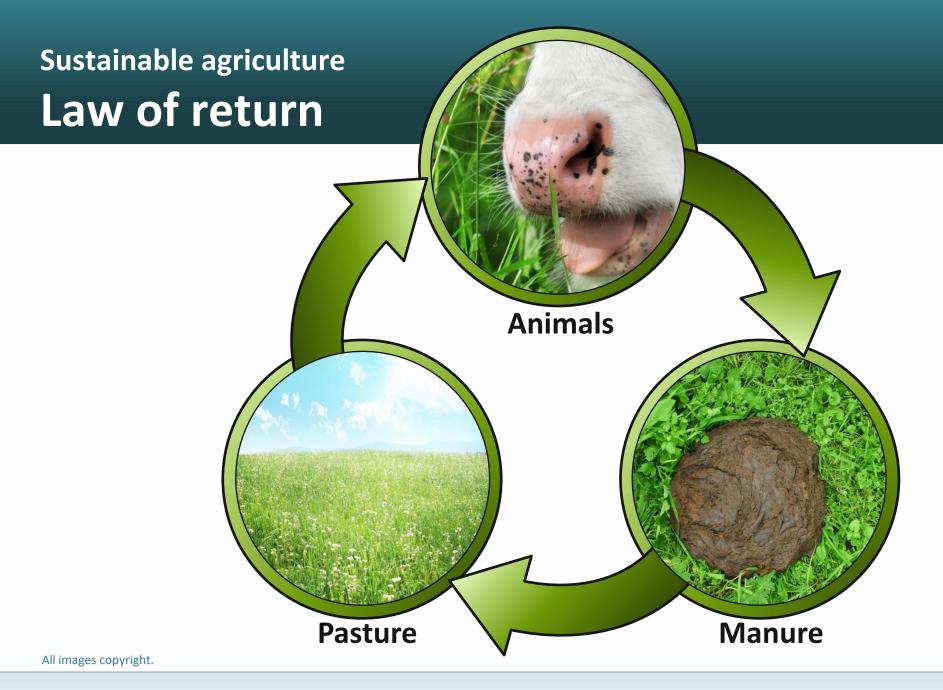
Protecting long-term interests

- Minimizing soil erosion
- Building soil fertility
- Conserving fresh water
- Protecting water quality
- Protecting biodiversity
- Etc.

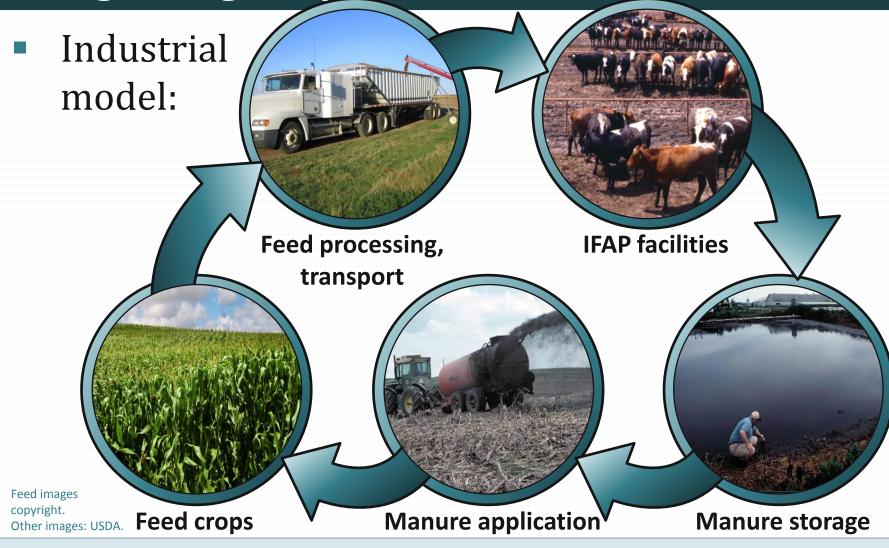


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Integrating crops, livestock



Leveraging natural processes

- Using plants and animals to:
 - Control pests
 - Enhance soil fertility
 - Promote crop growth
 - Etc.

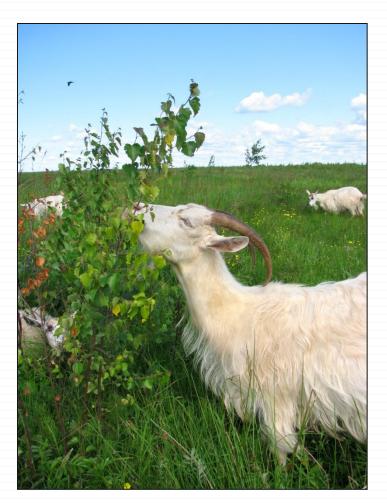


Image copyright.

Informed by current knowledge

- Not a throwback to earlier times
- Neither shuns nor embraces technology



Greb P. USDA Agricultural Research Service Image Gallery. www.ars.usda.gov.

Becoming native to places

Understanding their unique qualities





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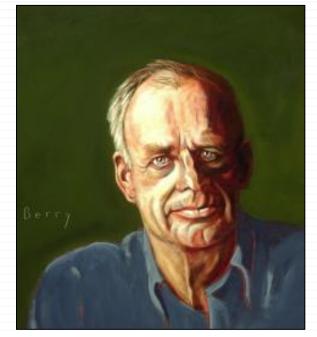
Think-pair-share

Think – pair – share



"The whole problem of health, in soil, plant, animal and man is one great subject."

- Sir Albert Howard



"Eating is an agricultural act."

- Wendell Berry

Shetterly R. Wendell Berry. 2003. www.americanswhotellthetruth.org. Used with permission from the artist.